with WARNING and Crockers operator's manual. The definitions of the indications are listed below. Be

Definition of Indication WARNING an operation error could possibly result in death or serious injury to Ignoring this indication and making

the operator. Ignoring this indication and making an operation error could possibly result in minor injury or property damage

GENERAL

- look at the
- \oslash \oslash Loss of eyesight could result.
 Do not look at reflected sunlight from a prism or
 other reflecting object through the telescope.
 Loss of eyesight could result. sun through the teles scope 0
- 0 When securing the instrument in the carrying case make sure that all catches, including the side catches, are closed. Failure to do so could result in the instrument falling out while being carried, causing injury.

\triangleright CAUTION

- \oslash case is slippery a slip and fall off it. Do not use the carrying case as a footstool. The / and unstable so a person could ...
- \oslash Do not place the instrument in a case with a damaged catch or belt. The case or instrument could be dropped and cause injury.
 Do not wield or throw the plumb bob. A person could be injured if struck.
- \oslash

TRIPOD

- 0
- 0 When mounting the instrument to the tripod, tighten the centring screw securely. Failure to tighten the screw properly could result in the instrument failing off the tripod causing injury. Tighten securely the leg fixing screws of the tripod on which the instrument is mounted.
 Failure to tighten the screws could result in the tripod collapsing, causing injury.
 Do not carry the tripod with the tripod shoes pointed at other persons. A person could be injured if struck by the tripod shoes.
- \oslash
- 0 Keep hands and feet away from the tripod shoes when fixing the tripod in the ground. A hand or foot stab wound could result.
- 0 Tighten the leg fixing screws securely before carrying the tripod. Failure to tighten the screws could lead to the tripod legs extending, causing

STAFF

A WARNING

- \oslash Do not use under thunderous weather
 conditions. Staff is conductive and if struck by lightning, death or injury could result.
 Handle with care when using near high voltage cables or transformers. Staff is conductive and contact could result in electric shock.
- 0

PRECAUTIONS AND MAINTENANCE GENERAL The AT-B3A/B4A is a precision instrument. Har

- ent. Handle
- with care and avoid heavy shocks and vibration. Never place the instrument directly on the ground. When the instrument is left on the tripod, cap the objective lens and cover the entire instrument with
- vinyl cov nent with
- carry the instrument on the tripod to another ced in the case, store the
- en the instrument is pla essories in their specif cified places
- MAINTENANCE
 Wipe off moisture completely if the instrument gets wet during survey work.

4 ယ Ņ

9: h = a - b = 1.735m - 1.224m = 0.511m

Position the staff vertically at point A and take the reading a (backsight) on the staff at point A.
 Then sight the staff at point B and obtain the reading b (foresight).
 The difference a - b is the height difference h of B

5. OPERATION
5.1 MEASURING HEIGHT DIFFERENCE
1. Set up the instrument at a point approximately halfway between points A and B.
For more accurate measurement, set the instrument as close to halfway as possible, to eliminate errors due to sighting axis misalignment. shift your eyes slightly in the horizontal and vertical directions.
5. If there is no parallax between the target image and the reticle, preparations for measurement are complete. If there is parallax, repeat the above procedure from step 2 in order to refocus the reticle.
If there is parallax, measurement errors may result, so make sure to adequately focus the target. 4 ω N *σ*1,4 ωN 0 ∞ √ 0 ∪ 4 ω N <u>→</u> ς'n **4.2 FOCUSSING AND SIGHTING** 1. Use the peep sight/gun sight to point the objection . ` 4.4 12 10 the base plate in both hands, and slide it across the tripod head until the bubble is in the proximity of the circular level.
4. Tighten the centering screw.
5. Adjust the leveling foot screws until the bubble is exactly centered in the center circular. ω use the peep sight/gun sight to polens at the target.
 Gradually turn the eyepiece until just before the reticle cross-line becomes focussed. AT-B3A Use the horizontal fine motion screw to center the target in the field of view. Turn the focussing knob to focus on the target.
 Looking through the target that the scope, circle. The instrument is accurately leveled when the bubble is within the center circle of the circular level. same distance apart so that the tripod head is approximately level. Fix the tripod shoes firmly into the Hold the instrum SETTING UP THE INSTRUMENT PRELIMINARIES Leveling foot screw Focussing knob Horizontal fine motion screw Horizontal circle positioning ring Reticle adjusting screw cover Eyepiece PARTS OF THE INSTRUMENT about the sight (AT-B3A) / Gun sight (AT-B4A) ar level adjusting screw ital ring index · level lens 13 3 111 head tripod centering screw 0 1111 AT-B4A and tighten ω spherical head tripod HITH + 0 -6 10 N ω Ņ ω G 4 N \mathbb{N}

1. Sight the staff, and count the number of 5.3 MEASURING DISTANCE USING THE STADIA LINES centimeters, ℓ , between the two Stadia línes Cross

- stadia lines
- This number is equivalent to the distance in meters between the staff and the instrument. If the length (ℓ) is 32 cm, the horizontal distance from the instrument center A to the staff B is 32 m.
- e f (cm)

- 6. CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS
 6.1 CIRCULAR LEVEL
 1. Adjust the leveling foot screws to cer
- in the circular leve ter the bu
- Turn the instrument 180° (or 200gon).
 If the bubble is inside the circle, no adjustment is necessary. If the bubble shifts from within the circle, adjust as follows:
 Compensate for one-half of the shift by adjusting the leveling foot screws.
- . Eliminate the remaining half shift with the circular level adjusting screws using the hexagonal

Ì

ng foot sc

- . Turn the instrument 180° (or 200gon). If the bubble remains in the circle, adjustment is complete.
- **6.2 AUTOMATIC COMPENSATOR** 1. Center the bubble in the circular

Line of sight

level.
 While turning the nearest leveling screw to the sighting axis 1/8 of a turn to the right or left, check the movement of the horizontal cross-line. (Another method is to tap the tripod legs or the main body while sighting

TW1

clear target.)

- If the automatic compensator mechanism is working normally the cross-line should bounce, then immediately return to the original position. It is advisable to check the movement of the automatic compensator before use.
- 6.3 RETICLE CROSS-LINE (LINE OF SIGHT)
 1. Set the instrument halfway between two points, A and B, 30 to 50m apart. Take readings at and bt.



Ņ Set the sɓc instrument at a point 2m from s a2 and b2. point A. Take



Leave the telescope sighted on point B. Calculate bz' = az - (a1 - b1)If bz' = bz, the horizontal cross-line is normal and no adjustment is necessary. When bz' and bz are different, adjust the cross-line as follows:



Lens cap Hexagonal wrench Vinyl cover (AT-B3A only) . Plumb bob (AT-B3A only). Operator's manual

SPECIFICATIONS

ω

	AI-BJA	AI-D4A
Telescope		
Length	214mm (8.42 in.)	8.42 in.)
Image	Erect	ect
Objective aperture	36mm (1.42 in.)	32mm (1.26 in.)
Magnification	28X	24X
Field of view	1°25'	3
(at 100m/328ft.)	(2.5m/8.2ft.)	8.2ft.)
Resolving power	3.5ª	4.0"
Minimum focus	0.3m	(1ft.)
Stadia ratio	1:100	00
Additive constant	0	
Horizontal circle		
Diameter	99mm (3.9in.	(3.9in.)
Graduation	10/1	1gon
Automatic compensator		
Range	±15	Ω
Circular level		
Sensitivity	10' / 2mm	2mm
Standard deviation for 1	km of double run leveling	un leveling
	1.5mm (0.06in.)	2.0mm (0.08in.)
Water resistance	IPx6 (IEC60529:2001))529:2001)
Operating temperature range	-20 to 50°C (-4 to 122°F)	50°C 22°F)
Storage temperature	-40 to 70°C	70°C
range	(-40 to 158°F)	158°F)
Size	122 X 214 X 140mm (4.80 X 8.42 X 5.51in.)	X 140mm 2 X 5.51in.)
Walaht	1.5ka (;	1.5kg (3.3lbs)

- Exceptions from responsibility
 The user of this product is expected to follow all operating instructions and make periodic checks (hardware only) of the product's performance.
 The manufacturer, or its representatives, assumes no responsibility for results of faulty or intentional usage or misuse including any direct, indirect, consequential damage, or loss of profits.

- entatives, assumes n change of data, loss of tion of business etc.)
- responsibility for any damage (change of data, loss of data, loss of profits, an interruption of business etc.)
 caused by use of the product or an unusable product.
 The manufacturer, or its representatives, assumes no responsibility for any damage, and loss of profits caused by usage different to that explained in the operator's manual.
- operate The ma The manufacturer, or its representatives, assumes no responsibility for damage caused by incorrect operation, or action resulting from connecting to other products.

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